

Rosboro Structural Glued Laminated Timber PR-L251
Rosboro Revised December 16, 2016

Products: Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, and 30F-E2M3/SP Glulam
Rosboro, P.O. Box 20, 2509 Main Street, Springfield, OR 97477
(541) 746-8411
www.rosboro.com

1. Basis of the product report:
 - 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Building Code (IBC): Sections 104.11 Alternative materials and 2303.1.3 Structural glued laminated timber
 - 2015 International Residential Code (IRC): Sections R104.11 Alternative materials, and R502.1.3, R602.1.3, and R802.1.2 Structural glued laminated timber
 - 2012 and 2009 IRC: Sections R104.11 Alternative materials, and R502.1.5, R602.1.2, and R802.1.4 Structural glued laminated timber
 - ASTM D3737-12, D3737-08, and D3737-07 recognized by the 2015 IBC and IRC, 2012 IBC and IRC, and 2009 IBC and IRC, respectively
 - ANSI A190.1-12 and ANSI/AITC A190.1-07 recognized by the 2015 IBC and IRC, and 2012 IBC and IRC, and 2009 IBC and IRC, respectively
2. Product description:

Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams are used as beams, headers, rafters, or purlins, and are manufactured with the conventional EWS 24F-V4/DF unbalanced, and 24F-V8/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 balanced layup combinations with the exception that the tension and compression laminations of 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 are substituted by laminated veneer lumber (LVL), as permitted by ANSI A190.1. The LVL laminations are supplied by manufacturers recognized by APA and identified in Rosboro's in-plant manufacturing standard approved by APA. The LVL complies with the control values listed in the manufacturing standard and is manufactured in full length and width laminations, and in thicknesses up to 2 inches from wood veneers. All veneer grain is parallel to the length of the billets. The veneers are bonded with exterior-type adhesives, which comply with ASTM D2559 and ANSI 405.
3. Design properties:

Table 1 lists the design properties for Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams. The allowable spans for Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer (www.rosboro.com/pdfs/techguide060326.pdf) and EWS Data File: *Glued Laminated Beam Design Tables*, Form S475 (www.apawood.org/resource-library), as applicable.
4. Product installation:

Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and EWS Technical Note: *Glulam Connection Details*, Form T300 (www.apawood.org/resource-library). Permissible filed notching and drilling shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and EWS Technical Note: *Field Notching and Drilling of Glued Laminated Timber Beams*, Form S560 (www.apawood.org/resource-library).

5. Fire-rated assemblies:
Fire-rated assemblies shall be constructed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Design/Construction Guide: *Fire-Rated Systems*, Form W305 (www.apawood.org/resource-library). For one- or two-hour rated glulam beams, the Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams shall be constructed in accordance with ANSI A190.1 and designed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Technical Note: *Calculating Fire Resistance of Glulam Beams and Columns*, Form Y245 (www.apawood.org/resource-library) or Chapter 16 of the 2015 National Design Specification for Wood Construction (NDS).
6. Limitations:
 - a) Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams shall be designed in accordance with the code using the design properties specified in this report.
 - b) Rosboro 24F-V8M4/DF glulam beams shall have a minimum depth of 9-1/2 inches, 30F-E2M3/SP glulam beams shall have a minimum depth of 7-1/4 inches and a maximum depth of 48 inches, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams shall have a minimum depth of 9-1/4 inches and a maximum depth of 18 inches.
 - c) Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams are produced at Rosboro, Springfield, OR and Veneta, OR facilities under a quality assurance program audited by APA.
 - d) This report is subject to re-examination in one year.
7. Identification:
Rosboro 24F-V4/DF, 24F-V8/DF, 24F-V8M4/DF, 30F-E2M3/SP, and 30F-E/DF2 glulam beams described in this report are identified by a label bearing the manufacturer's name (Rosboro) and/or trademark, the APA assigned plant number (1001 for Springfield or 1078 for Veneta), the product standard (ANSI A190.1), the APA logo, the combination symbol, the report number PR-L251, and a means of identifying the date of manufacture.

Table 1. Design Values for Rosboro Glulam Beams for Normal Duration of Load (1,2)

Symbol	Species Outer/ Core ⁽³⁾ (Bal or Unbal ⁽⁴⁾)	Bending About X-X Axis (Loaded Perpendicular to Wide Faces of Laminations)								Bending About Y-Y Axis (Loaded Parallel to Wide Faces of Laminations)						Axially Loaded		Fasteners	
		Extreme Fiber in Bending ⁽⁵⁾		Compression Perpendicular to Grain		Shear Parallel to Grain ⁽⁶⁾	Modulus of Elasticity ⁽⁷⁾			Extreme Fiber in Bending ⁽⁸⁾	Comp. Perpen- dicular to Grain	Shear Parallel to Grain ⁽⁶⁾	Modulus of Elasticity ⁽⁷⁾			Tension Parallel to Grain	Comp. Parallel to Grain	Specific Gravity for Dowel-Type Fastener Design	
		Bottom of Beam Stressed in Tension (Positive Bending)	Top of Beam Stressed in Tension (Negative Bending)	Ten. Face	Comp. Face		True	App-arent	Beam Stabi- lity				True	App-arent	Beam Stabi- lity			Top or Bottom Face	Side Face
		F_{bx}^* (psi)	F_{bx}^* (psi)	F_{cLx} (psi)	F_{vx} (psi)	$E_{x\ true}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	$E_{x\ app}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	$E_{x\ min}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	F_{by} (psi)	F_{cLy} (psi)	F_{vy} (psi)	$E_{y\ true}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	$E_{y\ app}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	$E_{y\ min}$ (10 ⁶ psi)	F_t (psi)	F_c (psi)	SG		
Rosboro 24F-V4/DF ⁽⁹⁾ (U)	DF/DF (U)	2,400	1,850	650	650	265	1.9	1.8	0.95	1,450	560	230	1.7	1.6	0.84	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
Rosboro 24F-V8/DF ⁽⁹⁾ (B)	DF/DF (B)	2,400	2,400	650	650	265	1.9	1.8	0.95	1,450	560	230	1.7	1.6	0.84	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
Rosboro 24F-V8M4/DF ⁽⁹⁾ (B)	LVL/DF (B)	2,400	2,400	510 ⁽¹⁰⁾	510 ⁽¹⁰⁾	265	1.9	1.8	0.95	1,450	560	230	1.7	1.6	0.84	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
Rosboro 30F-E2M3/SP ⁽⁹⁾ (B)	LVL/SP (B)	3,000	3,000	650 ⁽¹⁰⁾	650 ⁽¹⁰⁾	300	2.2	2.1	1.11	1,750	650	265	1.8	1.7	0.90	1,350	1,750	0.50	0.50
Rosboro 30F-E/DF2 ⁽⁹⁾ (B)	LVL/DF (B)	3,000	3,000	650 ⁽¹⁰⁾	650 ⁽¹⁰⁾	265 ⁽¹¹⁾	2.2	2.1	1.11	1,550	560	230	1.8	1.7	0.90	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
Wet-use factor		0.8		0.53		0.875	0.833			0.8	0.53	0.875	0.833			0.8	0.73	see NDS	

(1) The combinations in this table are intended primarily for members stressed in bending due to loads applied perpendicular to the wide faces of the laminations. Design values are tabulated, however, for loading both perpendicular and parallel to the wide faces of the laminations.

(2) The tabulated design values are for normal duration of loading. For other durations of loading, see the applicable building code. The tabulated design values are for dry conditions of use. For wet conditions of use, multiply the tabulated values by the wet-use factors shown at the bottom of the table.

(3) DF = Douglas fir-Larch, SP = Southern pine, and LVL = Laminated veneer lumber in accordance with the manufacturing standard.

(4) The unbalanced (U) layout is intended primarily for simple-span applications and the balanced (B) layout is intended primarily for continuous or cantilevered applications.

(5) The values of F_{bx} are based on members 5-1/8 inches in width by 12 inches in depth by 21 feet in length. For members with a larger volume, F_{bx} shall be multiplied by a volume factor, $C_v = (5.125/b)^{1/10} (12/d)^{1/10} (21/L)^{1/10}$, where b is the beam width (in.), d is the beam depth (in.), and L is the beam length between the points of zero moment (ft).

(6) For non-prismatic members, members subject to impact or cyclic loading, or shear design of bending members at connections (NDS 3.4.3.3), the F_{vx} and F_{vy} values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.72. The tabulated F_{vy} values are for timbers with laminations made from a single piece of lumber across the width or multiple pieces that have been edge bonded. For timber manufactured from multiple piece laminations (across width) that are not edge bonded, value shall be multiplied by 0.4 for members with 5, 7, or 9 laminations or by 0.5 for all other members.

(7) The tabulated E values include true E (also known as "shear-free E"), apparent E, and E for beam stability calculation (NDS 3.3.3.8). For calculating beam deflections, the tabulated E_{app} values shall be used unless the shear deflection is determined in addition to bending deflection based on the tabulated E_{true} . The axial modulus of elasticity, E_{axial} and $E_{axial\ min}$, shall be equal to the tabulated $E_{y\ true}$ and $E_{y\ min}$ values.

(8) The values of F_{by} are based on members 12 inches in depth. For depths less than 12 inches, F_{by} shall be permitted to be increased by multiplying by the size factor, $(12/d)^{1/9}$, where d is the beam depth in inches. When d is less than 3 inches, use the size adjustment factor for 3 inches.

(9) The beam depths for 24F-V4/DF and 24F-V8/DF are limited to 4 or more laminations. The beam depths for 24F-V8M4/DF are limited to 9-1/2 inches minimum. The beam depths for 30F-E2M3/SP are limited to 7-1/4 to 48 inches. The beam depths for 30F-E/DF2 are limited to 9-1/4 to 18 inches.

(10) The value of F_{cL} shall be permitted to be increased to the published value of the outermost LVL in the plank orientation.

(11) The allowable shear for the 9-1/4-inch deep beams shall be limited to 255 psi.

APA – The Engineered Wood Association is an approved national standards developer accredited by American National Standards Institute (ANSI). APA publishes ANSI standards and Voluntary Product Standards for wood structural panels and engineered wood products. APA is an accredited certification body under ISO/IEC 17065 by Standards Council of Canada (SCC), an accredited inspection agency under ISO/IEC 17020 by International Code Council (ICC) International Accreditation Service (IAS), and an accredited testing organization under ISO/IEC 17025 by IAS. APA is also an approved Product Certification Agency, Testing Laboratory, Quality Assurance Entity, and Validation Entity by the State of Florida, and an approved testing laboratory by City of Los Angeles.

**APA – THE ENGINEERED WOOD ASSOCIATION
HEADQUARTERS**

7011 So. 19th St. • Tacoma, Washington 98466
Phone: (253) 565-6600 • Fax: (253) 565-7265 • Internet Address: www.apawood.org

PRODUCT SUPPORT HELP DESK
(253) 620-7400 • *E-mail Address:* help@apawood.org

DISCLAIMER

APA Product Report® is a trademark of *APA – The Engineered Wood Association*, Tacoma, Washington. The information contained herein is based on the product evaluation in accordance with the references noted in this report. Neither APA, nor its members make any warranty, expressed or implied, or assume any legal liability or responsibility for the use, application of, and/or reference to opinions, findings, conclusions, or recommendations included in this report. Consult your local jurisdiction or design professional to assure compliance with code, construction, and performance requirements. Because APA has no control over quality of workmanship or the conditions under which engineered wood products are used, it cannot accept responsibility for product performance or designs as actually constructed.